#### Health and amenity

Part F1

Surface wWater management, rising damp and external

#### Introduction to this Part

This Part is intended to minimise the risk of water leaking into or accumulating within a building and causing unhealthy conditions or damaging building elements by corrosion or rot. It is also intended to prevent water redirected away from the building damaging nearby properties.

#### Objectives

#### F101 Objective

The Objective of this Part is to-

- (a) safeguard occupants from illness or injury and protect the building and its internal surfaces from damage caused by the entry of water, and—
  - (i) surface water; and
  - (ii) external moisture entering a building; and
  - (iii) the accumulation of internal moisture in a building; and
- (b) protect other property from damage caused by redirected surface waterwater

#### **Functional Statements**

#### F1F1

Protection from redirected surface water

A building, including any associated *sitework*, is to be constructed in a way that protects people and *other property* from the adverse effects of redirected surface water including water that may enter the building and cause damage to internal surfaces.

#### F1F2 Resistance to rain, surface water rising damp and ground water

A building is to be constructed to provide resistance to moisture penetrating from the outside, including rising from the ground.

# 2025 NCC

# What is in store for next year?



# F1D4 Provision of drainage and grading to external areas



- (1) A concrete roof, balcony or similar part of a building must have—
  - (a) the structural substrate graded with a minimum fall of 1:80 to the floor drain, rainwater outlet or other drainage outlet; and
  - (b) a floor drainage system, rainwater outlet or other drainage outlet that is connected to a stormwater drainage system complying with F1D3.
- (2) A concrete roof, balcony, podium, or similar part must have a minimum—
  - (a) 70 mm step down from the internal floor level to the external structural substrate; and
  - (b) 70 mm high integral hob around its perimeter; and
  - (c) F1D4(2)(b) does not apply where the external structural substrate abuts an external wall or door.

### **Limitations**

F1D4(b) does not apply to floors of planter boxes.

#### <u>Notes</u>

For the purposes of this part, a tile bed, screed, topping, or similar component is not considered a *structural substrate* except within planter boxes where it can be used to achieve the minimum fall of 1:80.

# F1D46 Exposed joints

Exposed joints in the drainage surface on a roof, balcony, podium or similar horizontal surface part of a building must—

- (a) be located on the ridge line or highest point of the structural substrate; and
- (b) have a hob with a minimum height of 50 mm formed within the structural substrate for the full length of both sides of the exposed joint; and
- (a)(c) be protected in accordance with Section 2.9 of AS 4654.2; and
- (b)(d) not be located beneath or run through a planter box, water feature or similar part of the building.

# F1D<u>57</u> External waterproofing membranes

- (1) A roof, balcony, podium or similar horizontal surface part of a building must be provided with a waterproofing membrane—
  - (a) consisting of materials complying with AS 4654.1; and
  - (b) designed and installed in accordance with AS 4654.2.
- (2) Where a membrane required by (1) is applied to a concrete roof, balcony, podium or similar horizontal surface, the membrane must be installed directly on a structural substrate complying with F1D4(1)(a) and F1D5.

## F1D10 Surface finishes

In a building or part of a building, the flooring or surface finish of a roof, balcony, terrace, podium, or similar part of a building must be—

- (a) self-draining; or
- (b) directly fixed to a membrane complying with F1D7.

#### **Updated Referenced Documents**

https://ncc.abcb.gov.au/resources/videos/abcb-roadshow-2024-ncc-referenced-documents

# Alternative referenced documents

- · Proposed changes intend to:
  - Allow alternative referenced documents instead of Referenced Documents listed in Schedule 2
  - Allow use as part of a Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Solution or a Verification Method (VM)
- Proposed changes developed by the ABCB office, in consultation with BCC and PCC





# 2025 NCC Changes





- B1D3 10-year deflection to be calculated
- F1P1 Basements now included
- F1D4 1:80 Structural Fall
- F1D4
  - 70mm step down from internal to external
  - 70mm integral hob to perimeter
  - Screeds not permitted
- F1D6 Exposed joints at ridge with hob
- Referenced document adoption
- Quantified Performance Requirements